

Casey's ANTIQUE STORE ...

109 Essex Street : : Salem, Mass.

Antique Furniture
Rare Old China
Historical Specimens

OBJECTS OF THE COLONIAL PERIOD

A Collection of unusual character and importance.

James C. Casey, Proprietor

Points of Interest

IN
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS

The Essex House

176 Essex Street, Salem

H. W. FISKE ✎ ✎ ✎ Proprietor

Tourists will find this house homelike and comfortable, with first-class service and cuisine. Its central location makes it peculiarly desirable to visitors who wish to make a few days sojourn in historic Essex and the North Shore.

Rates \$2.00 to \$3.00 per day. Special rates by the week.

Points of Interest.

Peabody Academy of Science, 161 Essex St. Incorporated 1868. Established by the munificence of George Peabody. Contains the Collection of the East India Marine Society, founded in 1799, and the Natural History and Ethnological Collection of the Essex Institute, begun in 1834.

Cadet Armory, 136 Essex St. Formerly the residence of Col. Francis Peabody. On this site stood the house of Emanuel Downing and Governor Bradstreet.

Plummer Hall, 134 Essex St. Library of the Salem Athenaeum. Prescott the historian was born in a house which stood on this spot. The house was built by Nathan Reed, M. C., who invented and sailed a steamboat before Fulton.

First Meeting House. In rear of Plummer Hall. Built in 1634. Roger Williams was settled over the First Meeting House twice between 1631 and 1635. Here Hugh Peters and John Higginson also preached.

Essex Institute, 132 Essex St. Built for a private house by Tucker Daland in 1851. Contains Historical relics, portraits, manuscripts, &c. &c.

Charter Street Burial Ground, near the foot of Liberty St. The oldest burial ground in Salem, dating from 1637.

"Dr. Grimshawe" House, adjoining the burial ground. Here Hawthorne's wife lived before marriage. The house is described in the story of "Dr. Grimshawe's Secret."

Hawthorne's Birthplace, 27 Union St. Born July 4, 1804.

Hawthorne's Home for many years, 10 Herbert St., in the rear of his birthplace.

Old Ladies Home, 180 Derby St. Built by Benjamin W. Crowninshield, Secretary of the Navy under Madison. President Monroe was entertained here by Mr. Crowninshield in 1817. Afterwards the residence of General James Miller, the hero of Lundy's

Lane whose famous words "I'll try, Sir," were after "Fort Erie" stamped on the buttons of the regiment.

Custom House, Derby St. Here Hawthorne began his story "The Scarlet Letter." The desk upon which he wrote is at the Essex Institute.

"House of Seven Gables," 54 Turner St. This was a favorite haunt of Hawthorne's.

Old Men's Home, 114 Derby St. Founded in 1877 by Captain John Bertram. The house was built in 1809 by Perley Putnam.

Narbonne House, 71 Essex St. Built prior to 1680. One of the best examples of houses of that period in Salem, showing the lean-to roof and little corner shop.

Salem Clubhouse. North side of Washington Square. For many years the town residence of George Peabody.

John Ward House. 38 St. Peter St. Built about 1684. A fine example of that period, showing projecting second story.

The Old Bakery, 23 Washington Street. Built in 1686. Also shows projecting second story.

Court House, Federal Street. Contains witchcraft records and many famous portraits.

The North Bridge on North Street. The scene of the first effective resistance to British authority, Feb. 25, 1775. See tablet on Bridge.

The "Witch House," corner of North and Essex Sts. Also known as the Roger Williams house. Built in 1634. The oldest house now standing in Salem. Occupied by Roger Williams and afterwards by Judge Jonathan Corwin at the time of the Salem Witchcraft trials.

Cabot-Endicott Mansion, 365 Essex St. Built by Joseph Cabot in 1748. For many years the residence of Judge William C. Endicott.

Salem Public Library, Essex St., corner of Monroe St. Formerly the residence of Capt. John Bertram. Presented to the City by his heirs. Contains many fine paintings and noted portraits.

